



CERTIFIED PROJECT MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATE IPMA LEVEL D®

Sample QUESTIONS MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Important infor- mation	Please write your name on the title page. Please use the page numbers displayed at the bottom of each page to check whether you have received the exam paper in full.	
	Place a cross as <u>clearly</u> and <u>precisely as possible</u> for each answer. Answer all questions. No deductions will be made for incorrect answers.	
Resources	You may use all forms of printed documents as well as personal notes. Not permitted are items of equipment that facilitate communications beyond the examination room.	
Exam duration	The specified time is a broad guideline.	75 minutes
Valuation	The examination has a total of 60 questions. 1 point for each correct answer	60 points

Date	First name	Surname	No. of points achieved

Question No.	1	ID	1	Competence indicator	4.4.10.1	
A X B C D	How do you ensure that the success of the project can be judged once the project has been completed? clearly defined project order with quantifiable project goals oral agreement with the client project planning and project budget project goals drawn up at the kick-off meeting with the team					
Question No.	2	ID	2	Competence indicator	4.4.5.1	
A X C D	project staff authoritarian cooperative r	Which management style best matches the statement: "Proactively supports project staff with words and deeds"? authoritarian management style cooperative management style club management style laissez-faire management style				
Question No.	3	ID	3	Competence indicator	4.4.7.2	
	of violence w	hen the	ey do not agree	team members repeated with something. To which	-	
A B C X	do you attribute this behaviour? is not a conflict beginning of the escalation intensification of the escalation final stage of the escalation					

Question No.	4 ID 4 Competence indicator 4.4		4.4.6.1					
		You are putting the project team together. Which characteristic of the future team members is the most important to you?						
Α	team-player							
В Х	professional	skills						
С	good commu	nicator						
D	flexibility							
Question No.	5	ID	5	Competence indicator	4.3.1.4			
A X B C D	project? good commu effective proj high project to extensive know are to be creater	Which success factor makes the largest contribution to the success of the project? good communications effective project controlling high project team motivation extensive know-how of the project manager about the delivery objects that are to be created						
Question No.	6	ID	6	Competence indicator	4.3.4.2			
	Which interes	st can b	e attributed to	a stakeholder outside the	company?			
A X	Competent a	nd pror	npt customer si	upport				
В	monthly info	rmatior	on project pro	gress				
С	simple handli	ing of t	he website of th	ne project				
D	reduction of	ongoing	g operating cost	s at the supplier				

Question No.	7	ID	7	Competence indicator	4.3.3.1		
	Which measu	Which measure helps to avoid court cases, in the sense of conflict de-escalation?					
A X	mediation						
В	regulations c	oncerni	ing an internal o	or external legal appraisal			
С	laws and reg	ulations	5				
D	conducting co	ourses	on contract law				
Question No.	8	ID	8	Competence indicator	4.3.2.1		
A X B C D	The "Management by Projects" concept cannot be introduced at the push of a button in an organisation. Which measure helps to realise the introduction of "Management by Projects" as quickly as possible? project management manual bonuses for successful projects line manager with a project management certification project management tools and software						
Question No.	9	ID	9	Competence indicator	4.3.1.4		
			•	on the success or failure a universally valid succes			
A X	a concrete pr	oject o	rder				
В	a well thought-out concept for a workshop						
С	the avoidance	e of mi	stakes				
D	conducting a	cost-b	enefit analysis				

Question No.	10	ID	10	Competence indicator	4.3.2.1		
	Which is a ty	Which is a typical characteristic of a programme?					
A X B C	It is an overv	It comprises specific projects that are interlinked. It is an overview of all ongoing projects. It makes it possible to assess the planned projects at periodic intervals.					
D	It is an effect	ive too	I to answer the	question of effectiveness			
Question No.	11	ID	11	Competence indicator	4.3.3.6		
	What is a ber	nchmar	k?				
AX	a standard of	compa	arison				
В	a service tha	t is ava	ilable on the ma	arket			
С	a detailed de	scriptio	n of the execut	ion of a task			
D	a description	of the	expectations of	the client			
Question No.	12	ID	12	Competence indicator	4.3.4.1		
	Which is a pr and their inte		nethod for the a	ppropriate consideration (of stakeholders		
Α	drawing up a	drawing up a risk matrix					
В	defining proje	defining project goals					
СХ	conducting a	stakeh	older analysis				
D	drawing up a	feasib	lity study				

Question No.	13	ID	13	Competence indicator	4.4.5.5		
A	the field of pi	There are a variety of arguments that speak for "delegation", in particular in the field of project management. Which argument applies? find common understanding of problems and tasks					
В Х	_		ad of the projec	t manager			
С	discussing va			sition			
D	reducing obje	ectives	to a single defir	iition			
Question No.	14	ID	14	Competence indicator	4.3.6.1		
	terial or factu	ial leve		her, then on the one hand her a relationship level. V ip level?			
Α	discussion of	analys	is results				
В	definition of p	oroject	goals				
СХ	establishmen	t of sta	ndards and val	ues			
D	agreement of meetings						
Question No.	15	ID	15	Competence indicator	4.4.7.2		
	Which is a ty	pical co	onflict cause in a	an organisational conflict?	•		
A X	unclear proce	esses o	r orders				
В	different mot	different motivation to reach the objectives					
С	different role	s in diff	ferent situations	5			
D	project staff	are ove	er or under chall	enged			

Question No.	16	ID	16	Competence indicator	4.4.10.5		
		A project manager strives to work as effectively as possible. What does "effectiveness" mean? Effectiveness					
A X B C D	 describes the relationship between the achieved and the defined objective. means doing things right. is a parameter for cost-effectiveness. is primarily understood as efficiency.						
Question No.	17	ID	17	Competence indicator	4.5.11.5		
A B C X D	What possibility do you have to reduce the risk potential? identification of risks and opportunities by means of SWOT analysis visualisation of risk classes measure to reduce the likelihood of its occurrence promotion of existing strengths and utilisation of opportunities						
Question No.	18	ID	18	Competence indicator	4.5.3.2		
				s a difficult task. purpose?			
A B C D X	Which method can be used for this purpose? top-down method feasibility analysis cost-benefit analysis analogy method						

Question No.	19	ID	19	Competence indicator	4.5.12.1	
NO.			to maintain the	relationships between the ship is	e affected parties	
A X B C D	is of impor	 crucial for success or failure during the introductory phase. is of importance for controlling in the project. important for dealing with crises within the project team. relevant to the development of an appropriate infrastructure.				
Question No.	20	ID	20	Competence indicator	4.5.6.1	
A B X C D	Which is an important precondition for quality assurance within the project? detailed project plan with dependencies precise definition of the project requirements allocated resources for the quality testing defined project management standards				nin the project?	
Question No.	21	ID	21	Competence indicator	4.5.3.3	
	•		nd the objects to work package	to be delivered describe to contain?	he content of a	
A X C	collection of requirements description of the work that is to be performed analysis of the stakeholders					

risks of a project

Question No.	22	ID	22	Competence indicator	4.4.3.3

The client stops the project because milestones have frequently not been adhered to, and he no longer has faith in the team. Which communication channel should the project manager use to inform the team?

Α		by e-mail
В		via social media
С	Х	in an immediately convened team meeting
D		at the next planned team event